according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Corteva Agriscience™ encourages you and expects you to read and understand the entire SDS as there is important information throughout the document. This SDS provides users with information relating to the protection of human health and safety at the workplace, protection of the environment and supports emergency response. Product users and applicators should primarily refer to the product label attached to or accompanying the product container. This Safety Data Sheet adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of Ireland and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : HALCYON™ Herbicide

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-: Plant Protection Product, Herbicide

stance/Mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/importer

Corteva Agriscience UK Limited CPC2 CAPITAL PARK FULBOURN CAMBRIDGE - England - CB21 5XE

UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information : +44 8006 89 8899

Number

E-mail address : SDS@corteva.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

SGS +32 3 575 55 55 OR

+353 76 680 5288

National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2166

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Serious eye damage, Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Central nervous

H318: Causes serious eye damage. H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

™ ® Trademarks of Corteva Agriscience and its affiliated companies.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

system

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters air-

wavs.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

gory 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

egory 1 2.2 Label elements

Labeling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the

environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing vapors.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous

waste.

Hazardous ingredients which must be listed on the label:

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

Additional Labeling

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

The following percentage of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) with unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 4.128~%

2.3 Other hazards

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. REACH Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)	81406-37-3 279-752-9 607-272-00-5	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	14.592
Aminopyralid Potassium	566191-87-5	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	3.685
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	1189173-42-9 01-2119463583-34- 0008, 01- 2119463583-34-0009, 01-2119463583-34- 0010	STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 30 - < 40
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha sulfoomega(dodecyloxy)-, am- monium salt	32612-48-9	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 3 - < 10
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	107-41-5 203-489-0 603-053-00-3 01-2119539582-35	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 3
Picloram	1918-02-1 217-636-1	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 0.025 - < 0.1
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

		aquatic toxicity): 10	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5 220-120-9 613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 specific concentration limit Skin Sens. 1; H317 >= 0.05 %	>= 0.025 - < 0.05
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :			
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8 252-104-2		>= 20 - < 25

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical re-

sistant gloves, splash protection).

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

If inhaled : Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an

emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

advice.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with

plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center

or doctor for treatment advice.

Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available

in work area.

In case of eye contact : Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at

least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consul-

tation, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately

available.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

If swallowed : Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not

induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Chemical eve burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain

prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. The decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be

made by a physician. No specific antidote.

Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting liver and kid-

ney disease.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, underwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorb-

ant.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can

be pumped,

Recovered material should be stored in a vented container. The vent must prevent the ingress of water as further reaction with spilled materials can take place which could lead to over-

pressurization of the container.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece).
Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional infor-

mation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray.

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Do not breathe vapors/dust.

Do not smoke.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in a closed container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in properly labeled containers. Store in accordance

with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Dipropylene glycol	34590-94-8	Limit Value -	50 ppm	2000/39/EC
monomethyl ether		eight hours	308 mg/m3	
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative			
		Occupational	50 ppm	IE OEL
		exposure limit	308 mg/m3	
		value (8-hour		
		reference period)		

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

	Further information: Substances which have the capacity to penetrate intact skin when they come in contact with it, and be absorbed into the body			
		Time weighted average	10 ppm	Dow IHG
		Short term expo- sure limit	30 ppm	Dow IHG
2-methylpentane- 2,4-diol	107-41-5	Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference period)	25 ppm 125 mg/m3	IE OEL
		Short term expo- sure limit (Aero- sol)	10 mg/m3	Dow IHG
		Ceiling Limit Val- ue (Vapor)	25 ppm	Dow IHG
Picloram	1918-02-1	Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)	10 mg/m3	IE OEL
		Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference period)	20 mg/m3	IE OEL

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Routes of expo- sure	Potential health effects	Value
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	310 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	65 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	37.2 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	15 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	1.67 mg/kg bw/day
2-methylpentane-2,4- diol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	14 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	49 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	98 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	2 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	3.5 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	25 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	49 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	1 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	1 mg/kg bw/day

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment Value	
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl	Fresh water	19 mg/l
ether		
	Sea sediment	1.9 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	190 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	4168 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	70.2 mg/kg
	Sea sediment	7.02 mg/kg
	Soil	2.74 mg/kg
2-methylpentane-2,4-diol	Fresh water	0.429 mg/l
	Sea water	0.0429 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	4.29 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	20 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1.79 mg/kg
	Sea sediment	0.179 mg/kg
	Soil	0.11 mg/kg
	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	100 mg/kg food

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Use chemical goggles.

Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or

equivalent.

Hand protection

Remarks : Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard

EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the

glove supplier.

Skin and body protection : Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material.

Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron,

or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection : Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a poten-

tial to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced,

or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

For most conditions no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if discomfort is experienced, use an approved

air-purifying respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Brown
Odor : Mild

Odor Threshold : No test data available

Melting point/range : Not applicable

Freezing point No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flammability : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Flash point : > 100 °C

Method: CIPAC MT 12.3, closed cup

Autoignition temperature : > 400 °C

Method: EC Method A15

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

pH : 5.8 (19 °C)

Concentration: 1 %
Method: pH Electrode
(1% aqueous suspension)

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 13.1 mm2/s

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : emulsifiable

Vapor pressure : No data available

Density : 1.012 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Method: Digital density meter

Relative vapor density : No data available

9.2 Other information

Explosives : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : No

Evaporation rate : No data available

Surface tension : 31.6 mN/m, 25 °C, EC Method A5

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

None known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong acids

Strong bases

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 1.16 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No adverse effects are anticipated from single ex-

posure to dust.

Based on the available data, respiratory irritation was not ob-

served.

LC50 (Rat): > 5.10 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.688 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s): Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-sulfo-.omega.-(dodecyloxy)-, ammonium salt:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Low toxicity if swallowed.

Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however,

swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

May cause nausea and vomiting.

LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in ab-

sorption of harmful amounts.

LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,600 - 4,700 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory

irritation

No deaths occurred following exposure to a saturated atmos-

phere.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 13,200 mg/kg

Picloram:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may

include: Convulsions.

LD50 (Rat, female): 4,012 mg/kg

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 0.035 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Remarks: Maximum attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 675.3 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.25 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 3.35 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration. Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 9,510 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-sulfo-.omega.-(dodecyloxy)-, ammonium salt:

Result : Skin irritation

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Result : Skin irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit
Result : Skin irritation

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Result : Corrosive

Components:

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-sulfo-.omega.-(dodecyloxy)-, ammonium salt:

Result : Eye irritation

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Result : Eye irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit Result : Corrosive

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:Species : Rabbit

Species . Nabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Species : Guinea pig

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Remarks : For similar material(s):

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Remarks : Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea

pigs.

Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction in a small

proportion of individuals.

Remarks : For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Picloram:

Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Mouse

Assessment : The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1B.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Species : human

Result : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : For similar active ingredient(s)., Aminopyralid., In vitro genetic

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

sessment toxicity studies were predominantly negative., Animal genetic

toxicity studies were negative.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : For similar material(s):, In vitro genetic toxicity studies were

sessment negative., Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment Picloram:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

sessment

sessment

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : Not mutagenic when tested in bacterial or mammalian sys-

sessment te

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As- : In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

sessment

Carcinogenicity

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assess
: For similar active ingredient(s)., Fluroxypyr., Did not cause

ment cancer in laboratory animals.

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : For similar active ingredient(s)., Aminopyralid., Did not cause

ment cancer in laboratory animals.

Picloram:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

ment

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : For similar material(s):, Did not cause cancer in laboratory

ment animals.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - As- : In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

sessment Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses

toxic to the mother., Did not cause birth defects in laboratory

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

animals.

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar active ingredient(s)., Aminopyralid., In animal stud-

ies, did not interfere with reproduction.

For similar active ingredient(s)., Aminopyralid., Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which

caused toxic effects in the mother.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

For similar material(s):, Did not cause birth defects or any

other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to

the parent animals., In animal studies, did not interfere with

fertility

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Picloram:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at

doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction., In ani-

mal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

For similar material(s):, In laboratory animal studies, effects on

reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced

significant toxicity to the parent animals.

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in labora-

tory animals.

STOT-single exposure

Product:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Routes of exposure : Inhalation

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Assessment : Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not

an STOT-SE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Remarks : For similar active ingredient(s).

Aminopyralid.

In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans:

Gastrointestinal tract.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Kidney.

Picloram:

Remarks : In animals, effects have been reported on the following or-

gans: Liver.

Gastrointestinal tract.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Remarks : Based on available data, repeated exposures are not antici-

pated to cause significant adverse effects.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Remarks : Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or nar-

cotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Based on available information, aspiration hazard could not be determined.

Picloram:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an

acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most

sensitive species tested).

Remarks: Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive spe-

cies).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 6.42 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 28.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (diatom Navicula sp.): 7.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.506 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.0977 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: 710 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50: > 2,250 mg/kg

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 200 micrograms/bee Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms

(LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive spe-

cies).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.225 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.183 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (diatom Navicula sp.): 0.24 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

EbC50 (alga Scenedesmus sp.): > 0.47 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 1.410

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.075 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.031 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: 0.32 mg/l

Species: Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on a dietary basis

(LC50 > 5000 ppm).

oral LD50: > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight.

Exposure time: 5 d

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

dietary LC50: > 5000 mg/kg diet.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)

oral LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50

below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Algae): 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.363 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: For similar material(s):

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.0639 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute

basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

Material is slightly toxic to birds on a dietary basis (LC50 be-

tween 1001 and 5000 ppm).

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: For similar material(s):

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensi-

tive species tested).

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Material is toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 be-

tween 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2 - 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 3 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: For similar material(s):

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic

organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100

mg/L in most sensitive species).

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9,450 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna): 3,200 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 429 mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Bacteria): > 5,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h Method: hUCC

Picloram:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 8.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 44.2 mg/l

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 78.7

mg/l

End point: Growth rate inhibition

Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Lemna gibba): 102 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Test Type: Growth inhibition

ErC50 (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.558 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

NOEC (Myriophyllum spicatum): 0.0095 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

ı

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

0.55 mg/l

Exposure time: 70 d

Species: Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Test Type: flow-through test

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 6.79 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: static test

LOEC: 13.5 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: static test

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level): 9.57 mg/l

End point: number of offspring

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: static test

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

LC50: > 5,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d

End point: survival

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

Toxicity to terrestrial organ: contact LD50: > 100 micrograms/bee

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

isms Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

oral LD50: > 74 micrograms/bee

Exposure time: 48 d

Species: Apis mellifera (bees)

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50 (Mysid shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia)): 1.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.8

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.21

mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

ErC50 (diatom Skeletonema costatum): 0.36 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

NOEC (diatom Skeletonema costatum): 0.15 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Bacteria (active sludge)): 28.52 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition of activated sludge

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,919 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50 (Crangon crangon (shrimp)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

LC50 (copepod Acartia tonsa): 2,070 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test

Method: ISO TC147/SC5/WG2

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 969

mg/l

End point: Biomass Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 4,168 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: > 0.5 mg/l Exposure time: 22 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

LOEC: > 0.5 mg/l Exposure time: 22 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level): > 0.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 22 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: flow-through test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 or Equivalent

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: Material is not readily biodegradable according to

OECD/EEC guidelines.

Biodegradation: 32 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

ThOD : 2.2 kg/kg

Stability in water : Test Type: Hydrolysis

Degradation half life (half-life): 454 d

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Biodegradability : Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Aminopyralid.

Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biode-

gradable under environmental conditions.

Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches >

20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegrada-

bility).

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Biodegradation: 81 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Picloram:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 1.95 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Stability in water : Test Type: Hydrolysis

Degradation half life (half-life): > 1.8 yr (45 °C)

pH: 5 - 9

Method: Measured

Photodegradation : Test Type: Half-life (direct photolysis)

Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)

Sensitizer: OH radicals

Concentration: 1,500,000 1/cm3 Rate constant: 8.5E-13 cm3/s

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 24 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent Remarks: Abiotic degradation: The material is rapidly de-

gradable by abiotic means.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 75 % Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD

test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% minerali-

zation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

Test Type: aerobic

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 26

Method: Measured

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

:

log Pow: 5.04 Method: Measured

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Partition coefficient: n- : Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

octanol/water Aminopyralid.

Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Partition coefficient: n- : Remarks: No data available for this product.

octanol/water For similar material(s):

Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow

between 5 and 7).

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-sulfo-.omega.-(dodecyloxy)-, ammonium salt:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3

Method: Calculated.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.58

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Picloram:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.54

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -1.92

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3.2

Method: Calculated.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1.19

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 or Equivalent

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 1.01 octanol/water : Method: Measured

Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log

Pow < 3).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Koc: 6200 - 43000

Remarks: Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc >

5000).

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Distribution among environmental compartments Remarks: For similar active ingredient(s).

Aminopyralid.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and

50).

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Remarks: No relevant data found.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-sulfo-.omega.-(dodecyloxy)-, ammonium salt:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: No relevant data found.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 1

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Picloram:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 35

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc be-

tween 0 and 50).

Stability in soil : Test Type: aerobic degradation

Dissipation time: 167 - 513 h

Method: Measured

Test Type: anaerobic degradation

Dissipation time: > 300 h Method: Measured

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Distribution among environ-

Koc: 104

mental compartments

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50

and 150).

Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an im-

portant fate process.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Koc: 0.28

Method: Estimated.

Remarks: Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be

an important fate process.

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and

50).

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-sulfo-.omega.-(dodecyloxy)-, ammonium salt:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be very persistent and

very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Picloram:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment : This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioac-

cumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumu-

lating and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Components:

fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO):

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Aminopyralid Potassium:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-sulfo-.omega.-(dodecyloxy)-, ammonium salt:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

2-methylpentane-2,4-diol:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Picloram:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Regulation: (Update: 11/22/2010 KS 11/25/2010 LMK)

Remarks: This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list

of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according

to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regu-

lations.

If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all appli-

cable regional, national and local laws.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : UN 3082
RID : UN 3082
IMDG : UN 3082
IATA : UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Aromatic hydrocarbon)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Aromatic hydrocarbon)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Aromatic hydrocarbon)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Aromatic hydrocarbon)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

 ADR
 : 9

 RID
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

14.4 Packing group

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

ADR

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

RID

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9

IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Remarks : Stowage category A

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 964

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Marine Pollutants assigned UN number 3077 and 3082 in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 KG or less for solids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code, IATA Special provision A197, and ADR/RID special provision 375.

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorization (Article 59).

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-Not applicable

plete the ozone layer

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-

tants (recast)

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Not applicable

naphthalene

Not applicable

Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving

dangerous substances.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications..

F1

The mixture is evaluated within the frame of the provisions of Regulation (EC) No. 1107/2009. Refer to the label for exposure assessment information.

SECTION 16: Other information

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

Full text of H-Statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 Causes serious eye damage. H318 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard **Aquatic Chronic** Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 11/2/2022 800080004434 Date of first issue: 02.11.2022

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Skin Irrit : Skin irritation

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitization

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Dow IHG : Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline

IE OEL : Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - Schedule 1

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours
Dow IHG / STEL : Short term exposure limit
Dow IHG / TLV-C : Ceiling Limit Value
Dow IHG / TWA : Time weighted average

IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) : Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)
IE OEL / OELV - 15 min : Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference peri-

(STEL) od

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



HALCYON™ Herbicide

Version 1.0	Revision Date: 11/2/2022	SDS Number: 800080004434	Date of last issue: - Date of first issue: 02.11.2022
Eye Da	am. 1	H318	Based on product data or assessment
STOT	SE 3	H336	Based on product data or assessment
Asp. To	ox. 1	H304	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatio	c Acute 1	H400	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Chronic 1		H410	Based on product data or assessment

Product code: GF-839

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

IE / EN